

CHRISTCHURCH AGENCY FOR ENERGY TRUST

STATEMENT OF INTENT

FOR YEAR ENDING 30 JUNE 2020

1. INTRODUCTION

This Statement of Intent (SOI) is prepared in accordance with section 64(1) of the Local Government Act 2002.

The SOI specifies for the Christchurch Agency for Energy Trust (CAfE) the objectives, nature and scope of the activities to be undertaken and the performance targets and other measures by which the performance of CAfE may be judged in relation to its objectives, amongst other requirements.

Legal Name: Christchurch Agency for Energy Trust
Postal Address: PO Box 73012, Christchurch 8154
Street Address: 53 Hereford St, Christchurch 8011
Chair: Pauline Cotter, Christchurch City Council, 53 Hereford Street, Christchurch
Trustees:
Pauline Frances Cotter (Chairperson)
Glenn Livingstone
Stephen Godfrey
Richard Briggs

Legal Status of Organisation

CAfE has been established by the Christchurch City Council (the Council) as a not-for-profit council controlled organisation under the Local Government Act 2002. CAfE is registered under the Charitable Trusts Act 1957 and is also registered under the Charities Act 2005 (12 August 2010 - Registration Number CC44869) with Donee status.

Period Covered by this Statement of Intent

This Statement of Intent for CAfE covers the year ended 30 June 2020. Financial budget projections are provided for the 2019/20 financial year. The SOI is reviewed annually by the Council.

2. OBJECTIVES AS STATED IN THE TRUST DEED

The purpose of CAfE is to achieve the following objectives to the extent that those objectives are charitable under the law of New Zealand:

- (a) To raise awareness in Christchurch and promote energy efficiency initiatives and the use of renewable energy by providing information and advice to:
 - the general public;
 - homeowners;
 - students;
 - Energy Expo attendees;
 - high energy users;
 - commercial and industrial energy users; and
 - motorists.

- (b) To raise awareness of and promote the use of renewable energy in Christchurch through:
 - (i) evaluation of sites for production of renewable energy;
 - (ii) encouraging the use of biofuels; and
 - (iii) encouraging the use of solar heating.
- (c) To reduce the local and wider environmental problems caused by the use of fossil fuels in Christchurch.
- (d) To introduce initiatives to address the negative health and social impacts caused by fuel poverty and energy affordability issues in Christchurch.
- (e) As an ancillary purpose to the above purposes, to gather meaningful and current energy data on energy usage in Christchurch.
- (f) For any other related purposes which are charitable according to the law of New Zealand.

In carrying out the purposes set out in Clause 2, the Trustees will have regard to the principles and initiatives established in the Sustainable Energy Strategy for Christchurch 2008-2018 published by the Council.

3. NATURE AND SCOPE OF ACTIVITIES AND RELATED PERFORMANCE TARGETS

CAfE is focused on supporting the uptake of renewable energy and enhanced energy-efficiency in rebuild projects.

Christchurch Energy Grant Scheme

The Christchurch Energy Grant Scheme contributes to community outcomes for a healthy environment in Christchurch and aligns with the Climate Smart and Sustainable Energy Strategies. In particular the following outcomes are sought:

- A greater proportion of energy used in the city is from renewable sources
- Energy is used more efficiently
- To raise awareness of the general public through visible demonstrations, promotions and/or education initiatives
- Reductions in greenhouse gas emissions and energy intensity across the city

The fund covers plant purchases and installation costs for:

- Renewable energy initiatives – such as geothermal/ground source heat extraction, photovoltaic generation and biomass energy generation
- A district energy scheme; and
- Energy efficiency measures that go well beyond the building code minimum – in new and/or renovated buildings.

The building project (or buildings to be serviced) must have a combined floor area greater than 1,000m² and be located in the Central City.

It is noted that CAfE cannot provide grants to local authorities or government organisations.

Performance Targets

Allocation of the remaining balance of incentive grants for initiatives within the Central City through the Christchurch Energy Grants Scheme or other initiatives in line with the Trust Deed.

4. FINANCIAL DISCLOSURE

Accounting Policies

CAfE has adopted accounting policies that are consistent with generally accepted accounting practices in New Zealand (NZGAAP). They comply with the Tier 2 Not-for-profit Public Benefit Entity (PBE) standards for periods beginning on or after 1 July 2014.

A summary of the current accounting policies is attached in Appendix 1.

Financial Performance Targets

	2019/2020
Revenue	
Interest received	2,000
Expenditure	
Christchurch Energy Grant Scheme Payments	204,000
Grant Administration & General Expenses	18,000
Total Expenses	<u>222,000</u>
Deficit for the year	(220,000)
Retained Surplus	
Opening Balance	225,000
Current Year Deficit	<u>(220,000)</u>
Closing Balance	<u>5,000</u>

Notes:

- Operations are funded from current reserves, it is not envisaged that any borrowings will be necessary.
- Any surplus accruing or remaining from the operations of CAfE during 2020 FY will be paid out to the Mayors Welfare Fund Charitable Trust.
- No provision has been made for project funding from any appointers from the 2019/20 year.
- The nature of the Christchurch Energy Grant Scheme is such that while a grant is awarded it may be drawn down by the recipient over a number of years as their project progresses. It is expected that grants of \$2,253,200 will have been awarded by 30 June 2020.

5. GOVERNANCE STATEMENT

CAfE is governed by a Board of Trustees appointed by the Council and appointer organisations. The Trust Deed enables the Council to appoint up to 50% of the Trustees by number, but does not require them to do so. The Council also appoints the Chair who is also a Trustee of CAfE.

Appointer organisations may appoint a single Trustee.

Initial appointor organisations were

Environment Canterbury Regional Council (Ecan)
Energy Efficiency and Conservation Authority (EECA),
Meridian Energy Ltd,
Orion New Zealand Ltd
Solid Energy Ltd (Renewables Division)

Meridian Energy Ltd, Orion New Zealand Limited and Solid Energy Ltd withdrew their funding effective 30 June 2013, while Environment Canterbury Regional Council withdrew their funding effective 30 June 2014. However, all have remained as appointer organisations.

The current size of the Board is four, including the Chair and the Council appointed Trustees.

The Trustees have elected not to receive remuneration for their role as Trustees.

CAfE does not have any committees.

6. COMPENSATION SOUGHT FROM LOCAL AUTHORITY

CAfE seeks compensation from the Council in the form of appointer contributions and project funding.

	2018/19	2019/2020
Appointer contributions	\$0	\$0
Project Funding	\$0	\$0

7. INFORMATION TO BE PROVIDED TO THE COUNCIL

An Annual Report will be submitted to the Council. The Annual Report will include audited financial statements, including the report of the auditor, and such other details as are necessary to permit an informed assessment of CAfE's performance and financial position during the reporting period provided.

Half yearly reports will also be provided to the Council. These reports will contain unaudited information and comply with PBE IAS 34.

Annual reports will outline CAfE's objectives and performance in terms of financial and operational inputs, outputs and outcomes.

The Statement of Intent will be submitted to the Council for consultation annually, as required by the Local Government Act 2002. The Trustees will include any other information they consider appropriate. Where it is appropriate, revised forecasts will be submitted to the Council.

CAFE will operate on a "no surprises" basis in respect of significant "Council interest" related matters, to the extent possible in the context of commercial sensitivity and confidentiality obligations.

CAFE will provide information requested by the Council in accordance with the requirement of the Local Government Act 2002.

APPENDIX 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

This summary is set out in a form consistent with the form in which the accounting policies will be set out when presented with the financial statements of CAfE. No financial statements are included with this SOI.

Statement of Significant Accounting Policies

a. Basis of financial statement preparation

In accordance with the Accounting Standards Framework the Trust is a Not-for-profit Public Benefit Entity. CAfE has elected to apply Tier 2 PBE standards with effect from 1 July 2014.

The financial statements are prepared under the historical cost convention, as modified by the revaluation of certain non-current assets.

The functional and presentation currency is New Zealand dollars, and all values are rounded to the nearest dollar.

b. Revenue

Grants/Contributions/Donations

Grants/Contributions/Donations received from the Christchurch City Council and other appointer organisations are the primary source of funding to the Trust and are restricted for the purpose of the Trust meeting its objectives as specified in the Trust Deed. These receipts are recognised as revenue when they become receivable unless there is an obligation to return the funds if conditions of the payment are not met. If there is such an obligation, the receipts are initially recorded as revenue received in advance, and recognised as revenue when conditions are satisfied. This is classified as revenue from non-exchange transaction.

Other Revenue

Revenue is measured at the fair value of consideration received. This is primarily composed of interest revenue which is recognised using the effective interest method and is classified as revenue from exchange transaction.

c. Borrowing Costs

Borrowing costs are recognised as an expense in the period in which they are incurred unless they meet the conditions for capitalised interest.

d. Income tax

The Inland Revenue Department (IRD) has confirmed that CAfE has charitable status for tax purposes and is therefore not liable for income tax.

e. Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash balances and call deposits, and other short-term highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less.

f. Trade and other receivables

Trade and other receivables are initially measured at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost less impairment provision.

g. Trade and other payables

Creditors and other payables are initially measured at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost.

h. Interest-bearing borrowings

Interest-bearing borrowings are recognised initially at fair value less attributable transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition, interest-bearing borrowings are stated at amortised cost with any difference between cost and redemption value being recognised in the statement of comprehensive revenue and expense over the period of the borrowings on an effective interest basis.

i. Goods and Services Tax

The financial statements are prepared exclusive of GST with the exception of receivables and payables that are shown inclusive of GST. Where GST is not recoverable as an input tax it is recognised as part of the related asset or expense.

The net amount of GST recoverable from, or payable to, the IRD is included as part of receivables or payables in the Statement of Financial Position.

Commitments and contingencies are disclosed exclusive of GST.

j. Provisions

A provision is recognised in the balance sheet when CAfE has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of a past event, and it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits, the amount of which can be reliably estimated, will be required to settle the obligation. If the effect is material, provisions are determined by discounting the expected future cash flows at a pre-tax rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and, where appropriate, the risks specific to the obligation.

k. Critical accounting estimates and assumptions

In preparing these financial statements of CAfE has made estimates and assumptions concerning the future and its continued income sources. These estimates and assumptions may differ from the subsequent actual results. Estimates and assumptions are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations or future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.