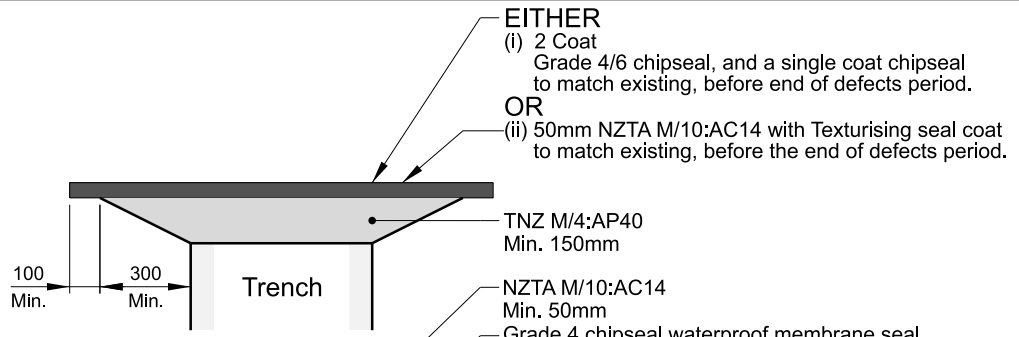
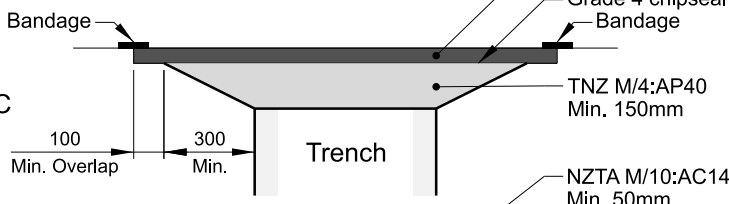


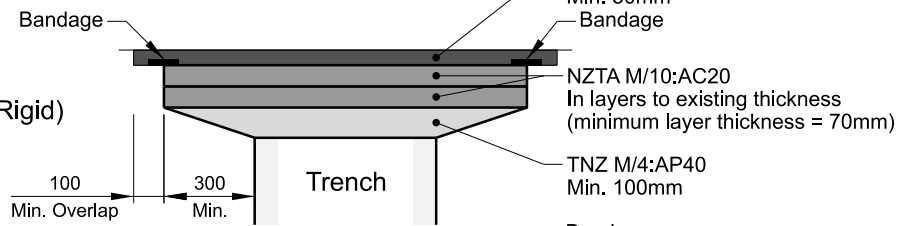
Type C1
Existing Chipseal



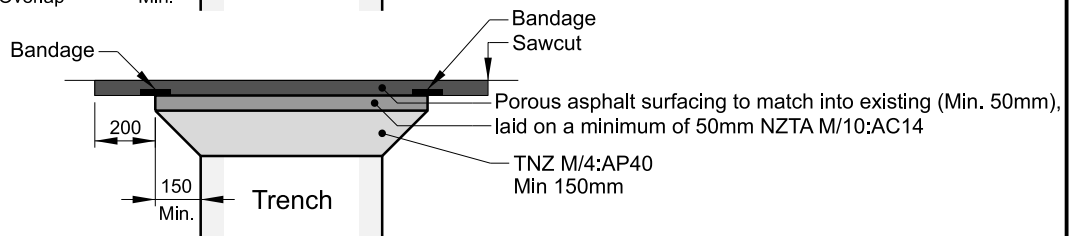
Type C2
Existing Thin AC



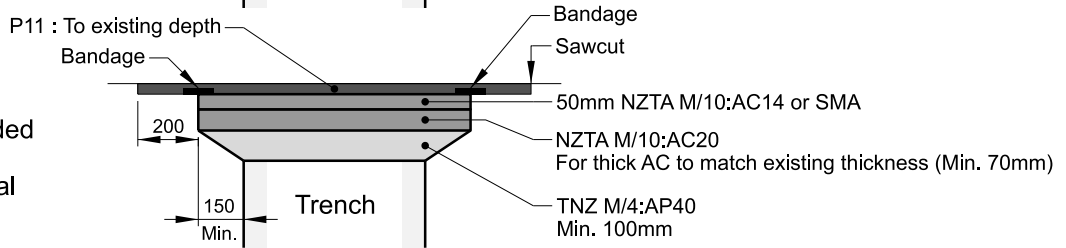
Type C3
Existing Structural (Rigid) AC Pavement



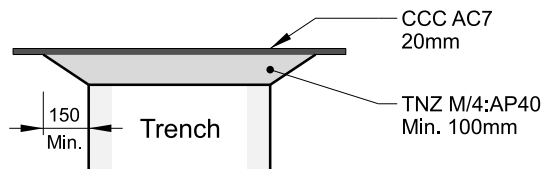
Type C4/A
Existing Open Graded Porous Asphalt or SMA



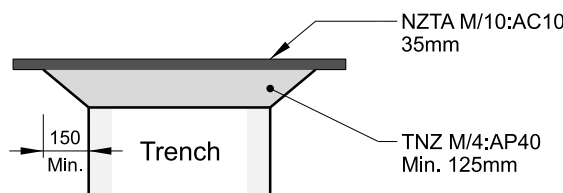
Type C4/B
Existing Open Graded Porous Asphalt or SMA - Structural (rigid) layers



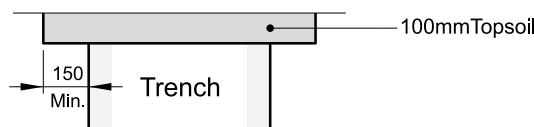
Type F1
Standard Footpath / Residential Crossing



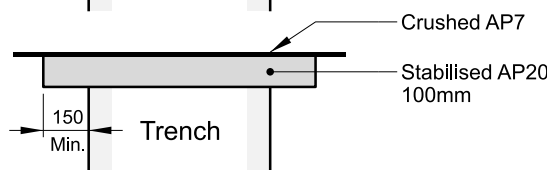
Type F2
Commercial Crossing



Type F3
Grass Berms

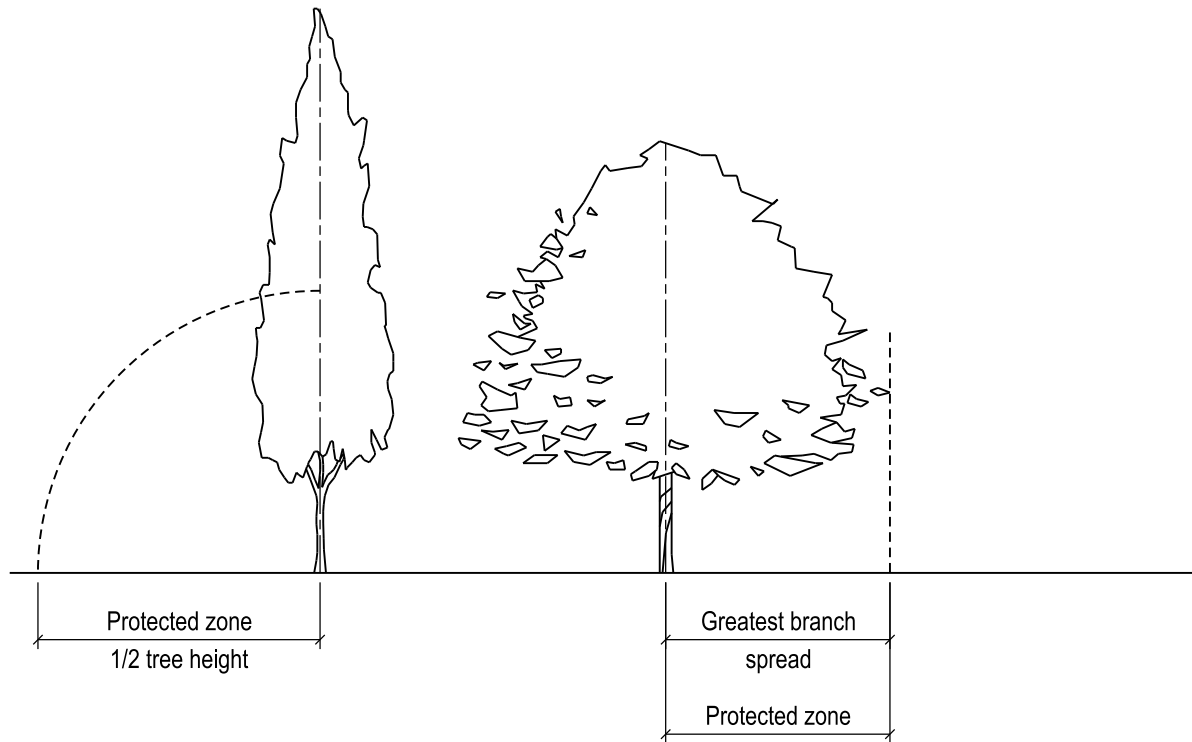


Type F4
Gritted Berms



NOTES:

1. Limits of trench restoration as per clause 5.5 in the NZUAG Code of Practice.
2. Final surface seal treatment to overlap existing seal by 100mm or as otherwise directed by Engineer.



NOTES:

- 1) The protected zone distance is defined as the outer extent of the branch spread **OR** half the height of the tree. Use whichever is the greater of the two measurements.
- 2) With irregular shaped trees (e.g. leaning trees), the dripline is calculated by taking the greatest radial spread of the canopy from the trunk in a full circle around the tree.
- 3) All requirements of CSS Part 1, clause 22.0 Protection of Natural Assets and Habitats must be followed.